STATISTICS

12th CLASS – 1st Annual 2023

TIME: 20 MINUTES MARKS: 17

OBJECTIVE

NOTE: You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

QU.	ESTION NO. 1							
1	Correlation co-efficient between X and X is							
	(A) 0 (B) -1 (C) +1 (D) -1 to +1							
2 Co-efficient of association Q lies between								
	(A) 0 to +1 (B) -1 and +1 (C) $-\infty$ and +1 (D) $-\infty$ to $+\infty$							
3	The shape of χ^2 - distribution depends upon							
	(A) Mean (B) Degrees of freedom (C) Number of cells (D) S.D							
4	A sudden decrease in supplies due to floods is							
	(A) Secular trend (B) Seasonal variations (C) Cyclical variations (D) Irregular variations							
5	A sequence which follow regular variations is called							
	(A) Signal (B) Noise (C) Model (D) Trend							
6	One byte equals							
	(A) 8 bits (B) 4 bits (C) 6 bits (D) 12 bits							
7	Shape of normal curve is							
,	(A) J (B) L (C) Bell (D) Circle In a normal distribution $E(x - \mu)^2$ is							
8								
	(A) Q.D (B) S.D (C) Variance (D) M.D							
9	The maximum ordinate of standard normal curve is at							
	(A) 0 (B) 1 (C) μ (D) σ							
10								
	(A) Infinite (B) Existent (C) Finite (D) Hypothetical							
11								
	(A) Quota sampling (B) Random sampling (C) Stratified sampling							
10	(D) Systematic sampling							
12	In sampling with replacement $\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \dots$							
	(A) $\frac{\sigma}{n}$ (B) $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$ (C) $\frac{\sigma^2}{n}$ (D) $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot \frac{N-n}{N-1}$							
13	A formula or function used to estimate a parameter is called							
10	(A) Estimate (B) Estimation (C) Bias (D) Estimator							
14	Which of the following cannot be null hypothesis							
	(A) $\theta \le \theta_o$ (B) $\theta \ge \theta_o$ (C) $\theta = \theta_o$ (D) $\theta \ne \theta_o$							
15	Probability of rejecting true hypothesis is called							
	(A) Critical region (B) Level of significance (C) Test statistic (D) Power of test							
16	In the regression equation $Y = a + bx$, "a" is the							
	(A) Y-intercept (B) Slope (C) X-intercept (D) Trend							
17	In least squares regression line $\Sigma(Y - \widehat{Y})^2$ is always							
	(A) Negative (B) Non-negative (C) Zero (D) Fractional							

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 $\Sigma x = 0$, $\Sigma y = 245$, $\Sigma x^2 = 28$ and $\Sigma xy = 66$. Also compute the trend values

Roll No.:

FBD-12-23

Objective

Paper Code

8181

Intermediate Part Second

STATISTICS (Objective)
ime: 20 Minutes Marks: 17

Time: 20 Minutes

You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill the relevant circle in front of that question number on computerized answer sheet. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero marks in that question. Attempt as many questions as given in objective type question paper and leave other circles blank.

a "	Questions	A	В	C	D	
S.# 1	If $X \sim N(20,16)$ then the value of β_1 is:	Zero	3	0.5	1	
2	The value of e is:	2.7184	2.1783	2.8173	3.1416	
3	The maximum ordinate of normal curve is at:	Χ=σ	Χ = μ	$X = \mu + \sigma$	$X = \mu - \sigma$	
4	A value calculated from the population is:	Parameter	Mean	Statistic	Mode	
5	If $\sigma \overline{x} = 20$, $n = 25$ then the value of σ is:	1000	20	500	100	
6	If $\overline{x} = 20$ and $\mu = 20$, then sampling error is:	Zero	20	100	10	
7	If $1-\alpha = 0.95$ then value of $Z_1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$ is:	2.575	1.96	1.645	2.326	
8	The following statistics are unbiased estimators:	Sample mean	Sample proportion	Both A and B	None of these	
9	The probability associated with type-I error is:	β	α	1-β	1-α	
10	If $r_{xy} = 0.5$, then r_{yx} will be:	Zero	1	0.5	- 0.5	
11	The correlation co-efficient is of regression co-efficients.	A.M	н.м	Mode	G.M	
12	The independent variable is also called:	Regressor	Regressand Estimated		Both A and B	
13	If $(AB) = \frac{(A)(B)}{n}$, the attributes A and B	Independent	Dependent	Correlated	Both B and C	
14	are: The co-efficient of association always lies between:	0 and 1	, –∞ and ∞	-1 and +1	0 and ∞	
15	Cultations series then:	$\sum y = \sum \hat{y}$	$\sum y < \sum \hat{y}$	$\sum y > \sum \hat{y}$	$\sum (\mathbf{y} - \hat{\mathbf{y}})^2 = 0$	
16	The most widely used model of time series is:	Y=T+S+C+I	Y=T.S.C.I	Y=T-S-C-I	$Y = \frac{T.S.C.I}{T}$	
17		Soft copy	Software	Hard copy	Hardware	

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Intermediate Part Second

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7.0		2.0		J	1

Time: 02:40 Hours

Marks: 68

Roll No.

SECTION - I

2. Write short answers to any EIGHT parts.

- What is the relationship between the binomial distribution and the normal distribution?
- (ii) Explain standard normal variable.
- (iii) Write the equation of normal curve with mean 30 and standard deviation 10.
- (iv) In a normal distribution $Q_1 = 20$ and $Q_3 = 40$. Find μ and σ .
- If x is N(50,100), find $P(x < \mu)$.
- (vi) What are the types of statistical inference?
- (vii) Explain what is meant by confidence interval?
- (viii) What is meant by composite hypothesis?
- (ix) Given $H_0: \mu = 12$, n = 64, $\overline{X} = 15$, $\sigma = 10$, find the value of "Z".
- What is meant by type-II error?
- (xi) What is compiler?
- (xii) Describe the types of printers.

3. Write short answers to any EIGHT parts.

- Define sample and sampling. (i)
- Define target population. (ii)
- (iii) Differentiate between parameter and statistic.
- (iv) Given that n=25 and $\sigma_{\bar{X}} = 5$, find σ^2 .
- Find S.E. (\overline{X}) , if the sampling is done without replacement for the data given as: N=300, $n=100 \text{ and } \sigma^2 = 200$.
- (vi) Define probability random sampling.
- (vii) What is dependent variable?
- (viii) Describe the principle of least squares.
- (ix) Given $\sum X = 0$, $\sum Y = 41172$ and n=10, find the value of a for Y=a+bx.
- (x) Distinguish between positive and negative correlation.
- (xi) Interpret the value of r when r = -1 and r = +1.
- (xii) Find b_{yx} , if $r_{xy} = 0.27$ and $b_{xy} = 2.18$.

4. Write short answers to any SIX parts.

- Define ultimate class frequencies.
- Define χ² distribution.
- (iii) When Yates correction is used in χ^2 ?
- (iv) Write mathematical definition of time series.
- What is meant by components of time series? (vi) What are two models used in time series?
- (vii) Define secular trend.
- (viii) Write the normal equations of 2nd degree parabola.
- (ix) Define irregular movements.

SECTION - II Attempt any THREE questions. Each question carries 08 marks.

5. (a) If $X \sim N(100, 64)$ find the value of "a" such that P(x < a) = 0.95.

(b)In a normal distribution $Q_1 = 8$ and $Q_3 = 17$, find mean and standard deviation.

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12

(Continued P/2)

16

16

6. (a) Take all possible samples of size 3 without replacement from 2, 4, 6, 8. Find sampling distribution of \overline{X} and verify that: $\sqrt{n(N-1)}(\sigma_{\overline{X}}) = \sigma \sqrt{N-n}$

04

(b) $\sigma_{\overline{x}}^2 = 29$ for n = 3, N = 8, what will be $\sigma_{\overline{x}}^2$ for n = 2, N = 8?

04

7. (a) In 40 tosses of a coin, 24 heads were obtained. Find 95% confidence interval for the proportion

04

(b)In a random sample of 1000 houses in a certain city, 618 own colour T.V. sets. Is this sufficient evidence to conclude that $\frac{2}{3}$ of the houses in this city have colour T.V. sets? Use $\alpha = 0.02$

04

8. (a) Compute r:

X	5	10	15	20	25
Y	12	14	20	18	16

(b) Find regression equation of x on y of the following data:

X	1	2	3	4	5
Y	5	8	14	13	18

9. (a) Given the following data, determine the nature of association between the attributes A and B, i.e. find whether A and B are independent, positively associated or negatively associated.

04

(A) = 30, (B) = 60

(AB) = 12, n = 150

04

(b)Comp	ute 4 mor	nths ce	entered	movir	ng ave	rages fi	rom th	e follo	wing:
-	Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug
	Value	23	26	28	30	31	35	37	32

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